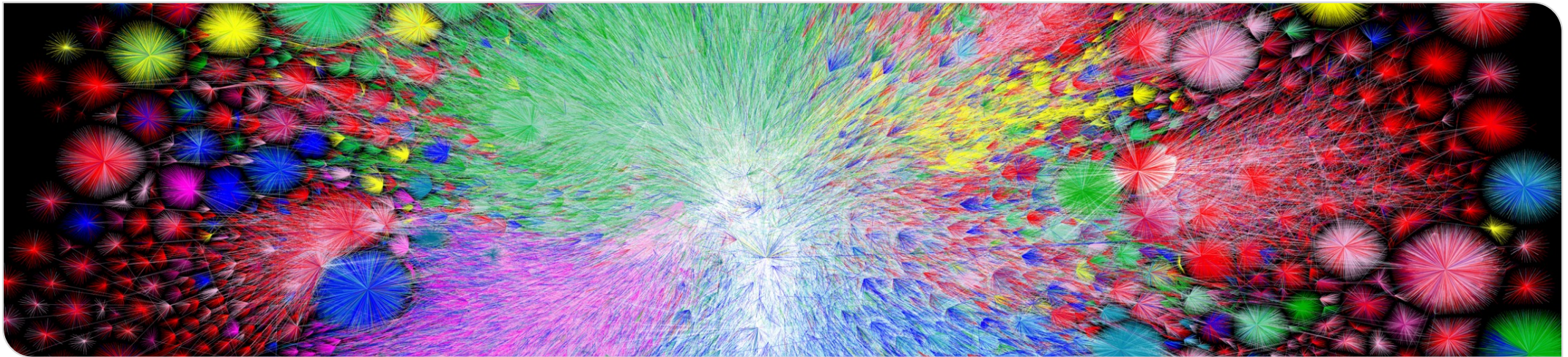


The Energy Packet Grid

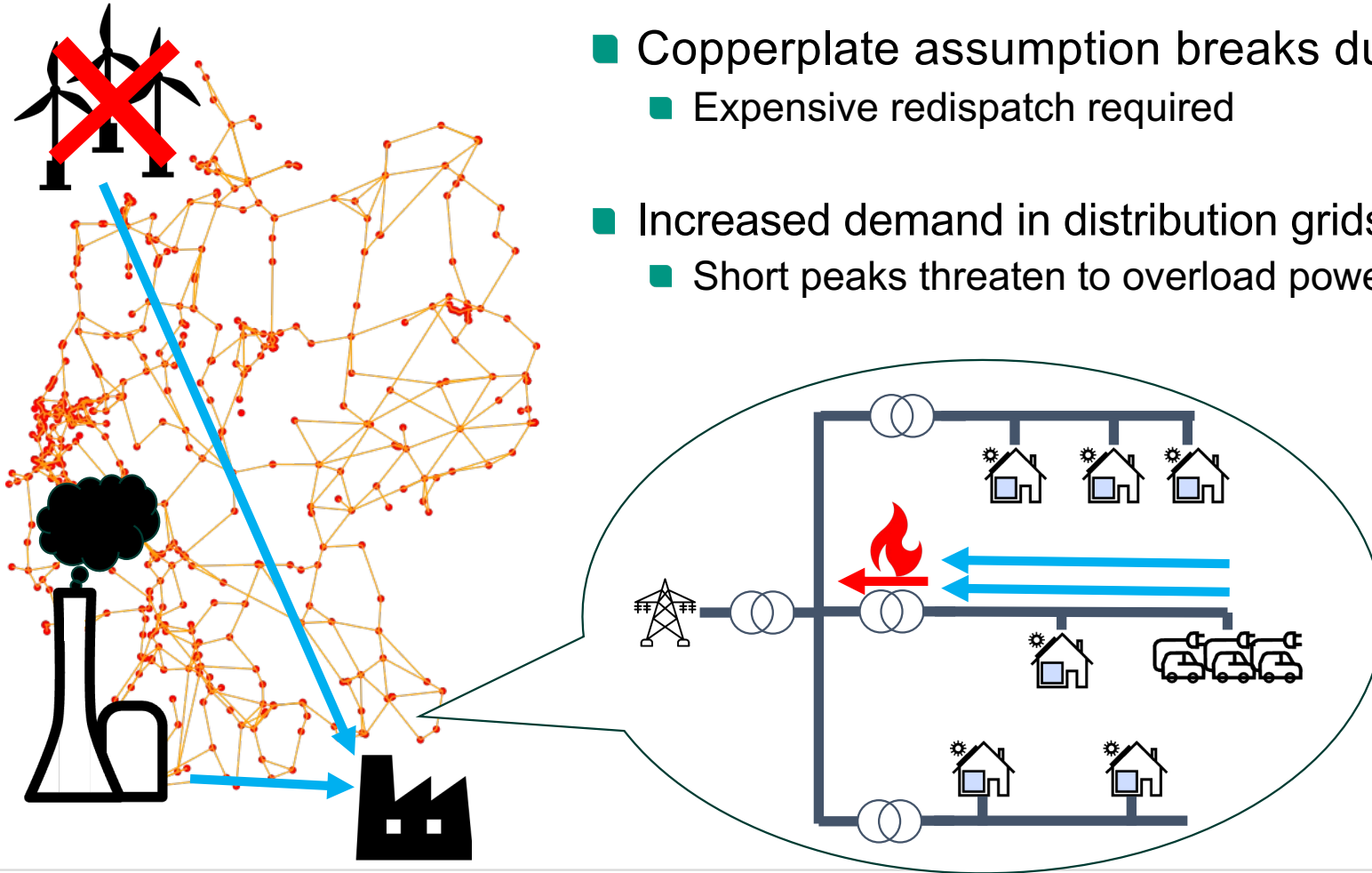
Transferring Internet ideas to the Power Grid

Christoph Hildenbrand, Institute of Telematics Prof. Zitterbart, KIT



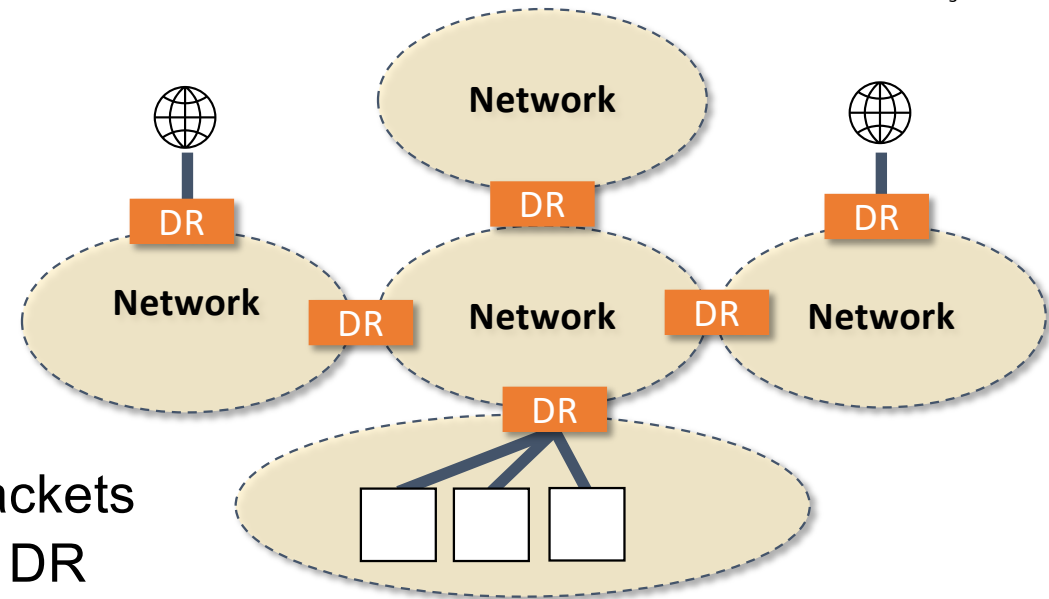
Current Power Grid Challenges

- Copperplate assumption breaks during peaks
 - Expensive redispatch required
- Increased demand in distribution grids
 - Short peaks threaten to overload power lines/transformers

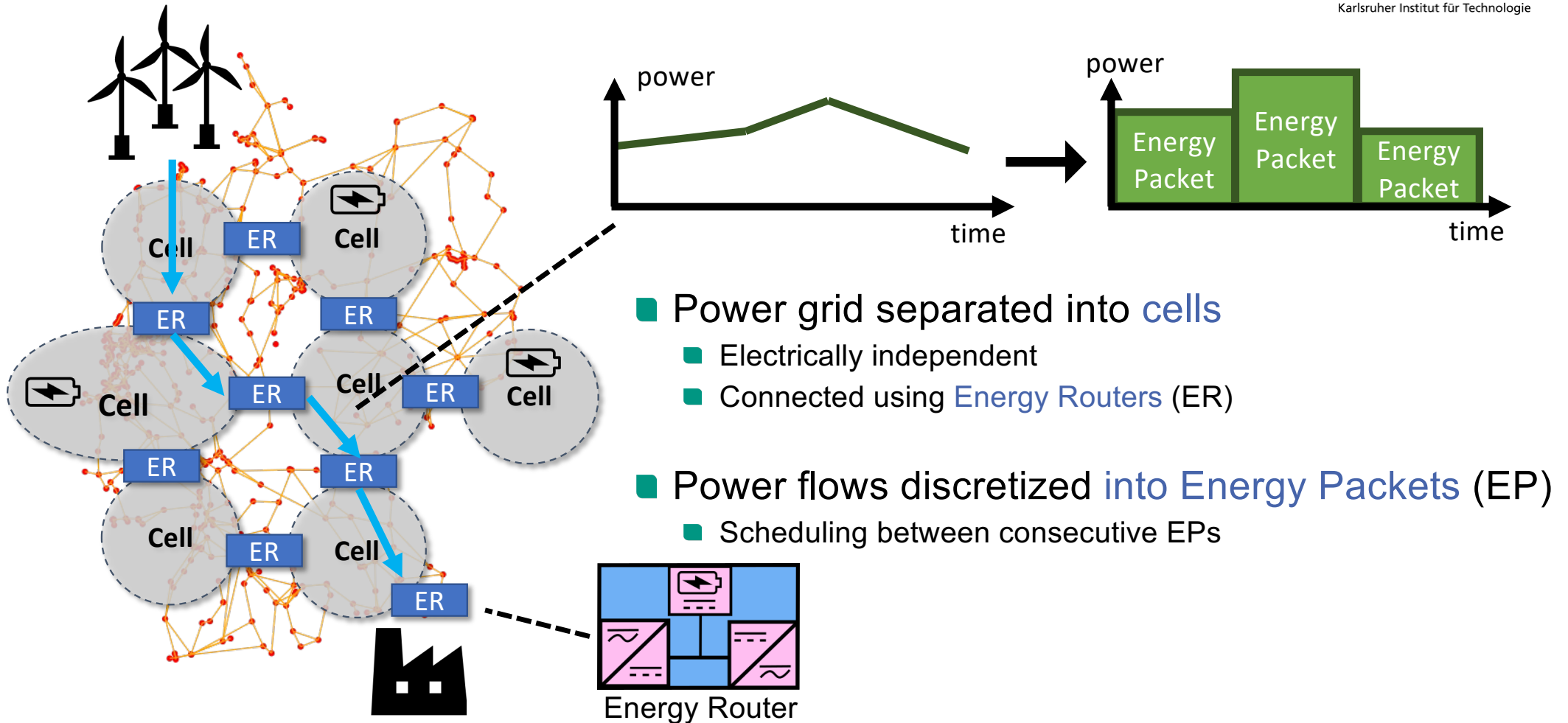


Taking inspiration from the Internet

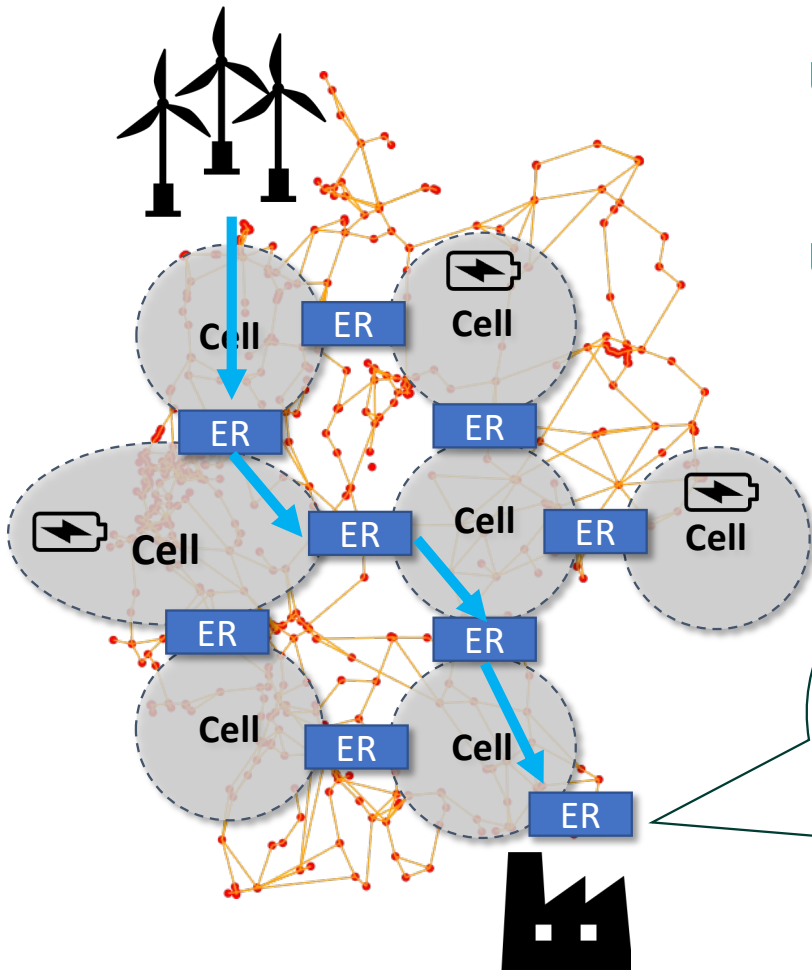
- The Network of Networks
 - Division into independent subnets
 - Data Routers (DR) connect subnets
 - Divide and conquer principle
- Discretization approach
 - Data streams discretized into data packets
 - Packets routed through network using DR



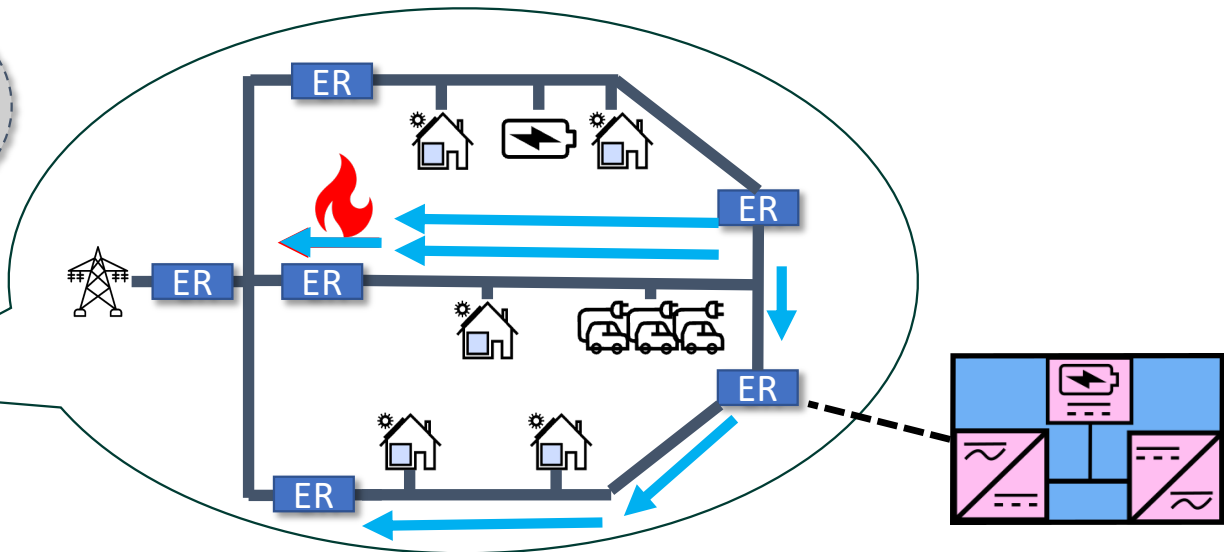
The Energy Packet Grid: A future Power Grid Architecture



The Energy Packet Grid: A future Power Grid Architecture

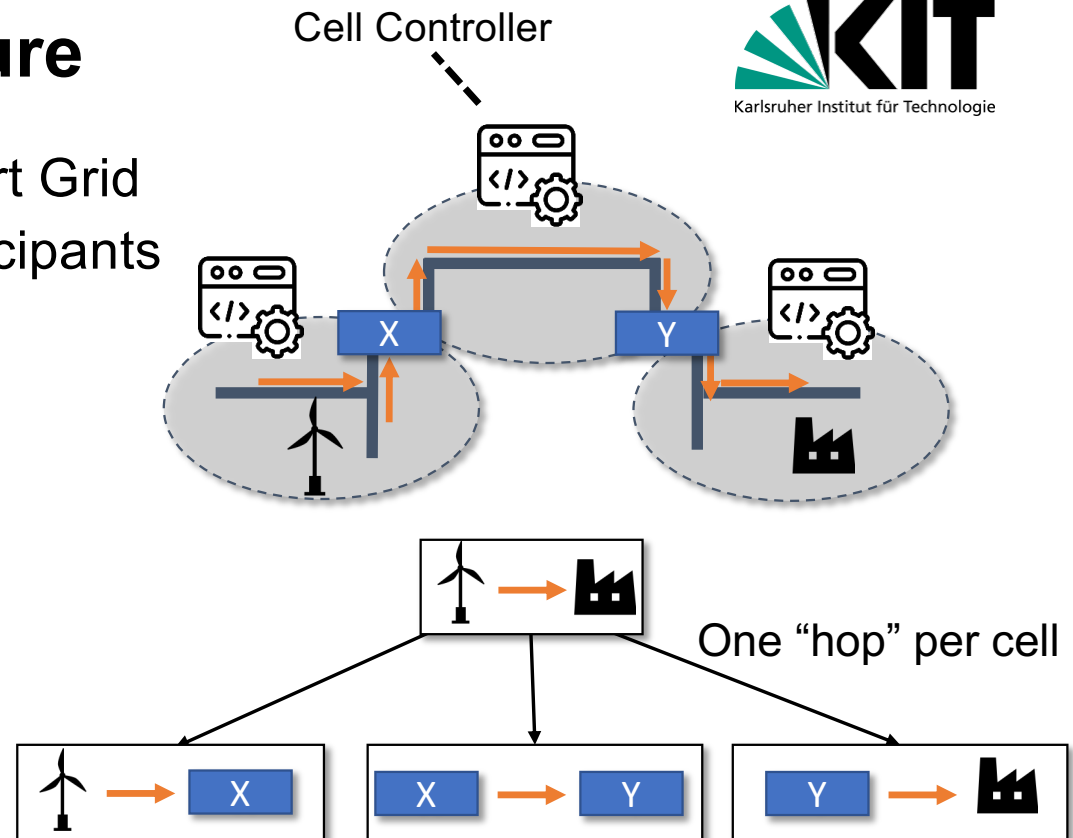


- Distribution grids transformed into mesh-topology
 - ERs connect previously unconnected power line segments
- Enables balancing of local feeders



Distributed control architecture

- Idea: Media Access Layer for the Smart Grid
- EP Transfers performed between participants
 - Transfer a predefined energy and power
 - Self-Healing
- Cell Controllers  placed in each cell
 - Approve and schedule EP Transfers
 - Operate independently
 - Ensures safe operation, i.e., infrastructure limits

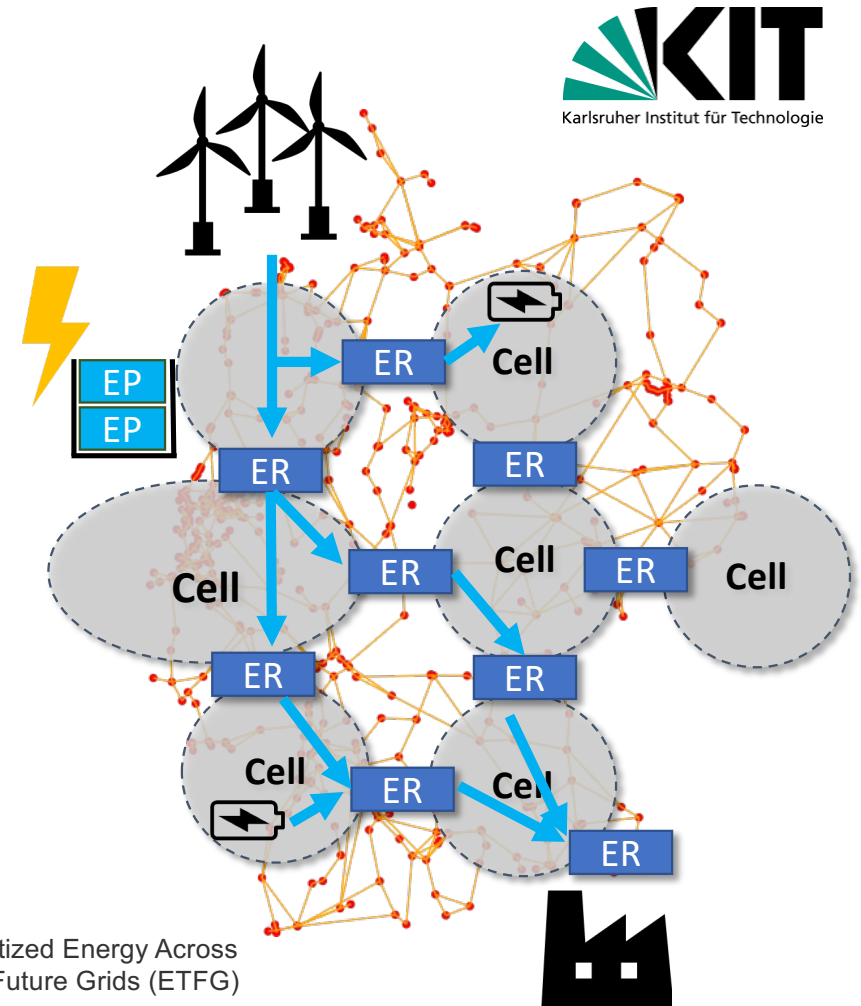


Schneider, K; Wiegel, F; Schulz, D; Hagenmeyer, V; Hiller, M; Bless, R.; Zitterbart M., "Designing the Interplay of Energy Plane and Communication Plane in the Energy Packet Grid," *2021 IEEE 46th Conference on Local Computer Networks (LCN)*

Schneider, K; Schulz, D; Helmig, D.; Wiegel, F.; Hagenmeyer, V; Hiller, M; Zitterbart, M. (2025). Scheduling Electric Currents in Converter-Dominated Power Grids with Time-Slotted Energy Packets. In: Energy Informatics. EI.A 2024

Active steering of power flows

- Steer power flows on alternate paths
 - Distributes load evenly across the grid
- Key Mechanism: Congestion Control
 - Throttles power flows to prevent overloads
 - Causes Back-Pressure at generators
- Back-Pressure reported to scheduling
 - Creates feedback loop



Hildenbrand, C.; Schneider, K.; Schulz, D.; Hiller, M.; Hagenmeyer, V.; Zitterbart, M. "Transferring Packetized Energy Across Cells with Asynchronous Forwarding", 2025 IEEE International Conference on Energy Technologies for Future Grids (ETFG)

Hildenbrand, C.; Schneider, K.; Schulz, D.; Hiller, M.; Hagenmeyer, V.; Zitterbart, M. "Controlling power flows in a meshed power grid using congestion aware Asynchronous Forwarding", In: Energy Informatics. EI.A 2026, In Submission

Internet Concepts for the Smart Grid !?

- Topic is not that new
- Various approaches in research
 - The Energy Internet, 2011 [1]
 - Digital Grid, 2011 [2]
 - TCP-like EV charging controller, 2019 [3]
 - Cellular transformation of the Grid, 2015 [4]
- ... but what about evaluations, real implementations, and experience ?

- Earlier discussions among various attendees here



[1] Huang, A.Q., Crow, M.L., Heydt, G.T., Zheng, J.P., Dale, S.J.: The future renewable electric energy delivery and management (freedm) system: The energy internet. Proceedings of the IEEE 99

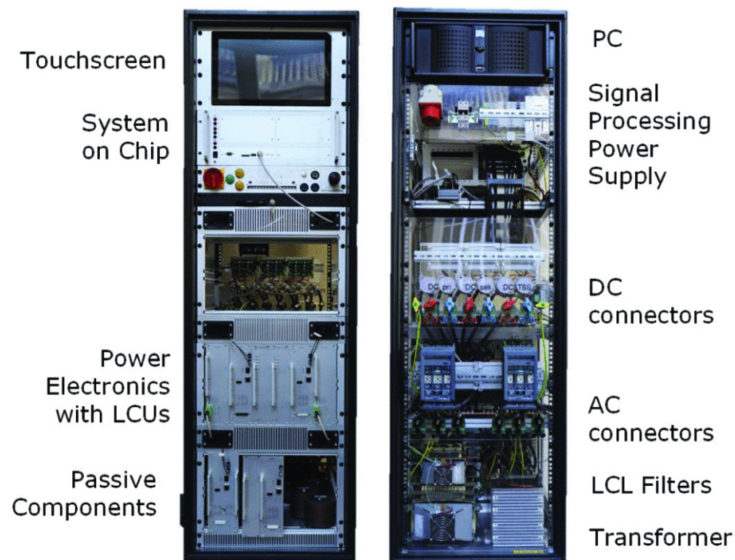
[2] Abe, R., Taoka, H., McQuilkin, D.: Digital grid: Communicative electrical grids of the future. IEEE Transactions on Smart Grid 2

[3] Alyousef, Ammar & Meer, Hermann. (2019). Design of a TCP-like Smart Charging Controller for Power Quality in Electrical Distribution Systems.

[4] VDE-ETG Task Force: The Cellular Approach – The Basis of Successful, Cross-regional Energy Transition, 2015, VDE Study. Available online: www.vde.com/resource/blob/2316160/9e7075474d567a1a30e9459b6ca467b5/vde-study-the-cellular-approach-data.pdf (accessed July 3, 2026).

Hardware Prototypes and Experiments

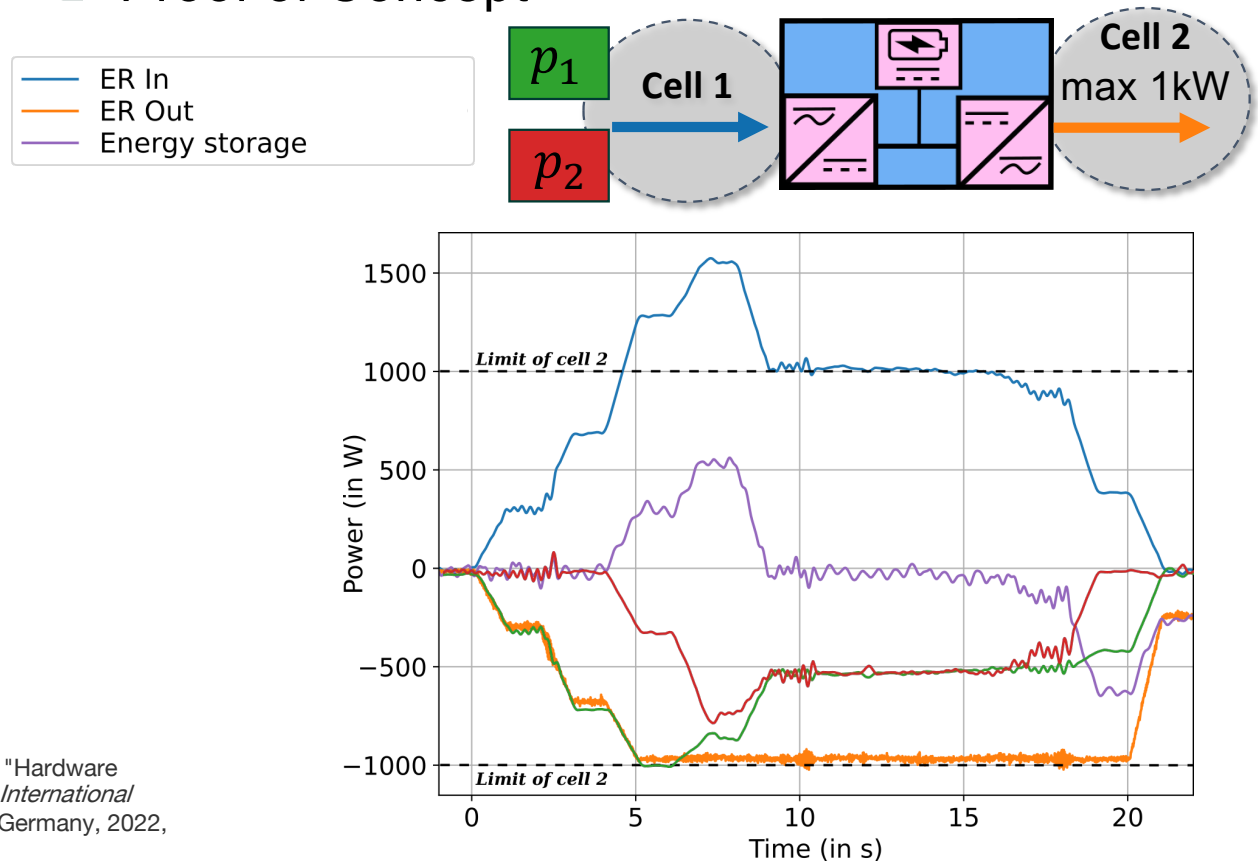
■ Prototype ER



KIT Future Fields Project
Hagenmeyer, Hiller, Zitterbart

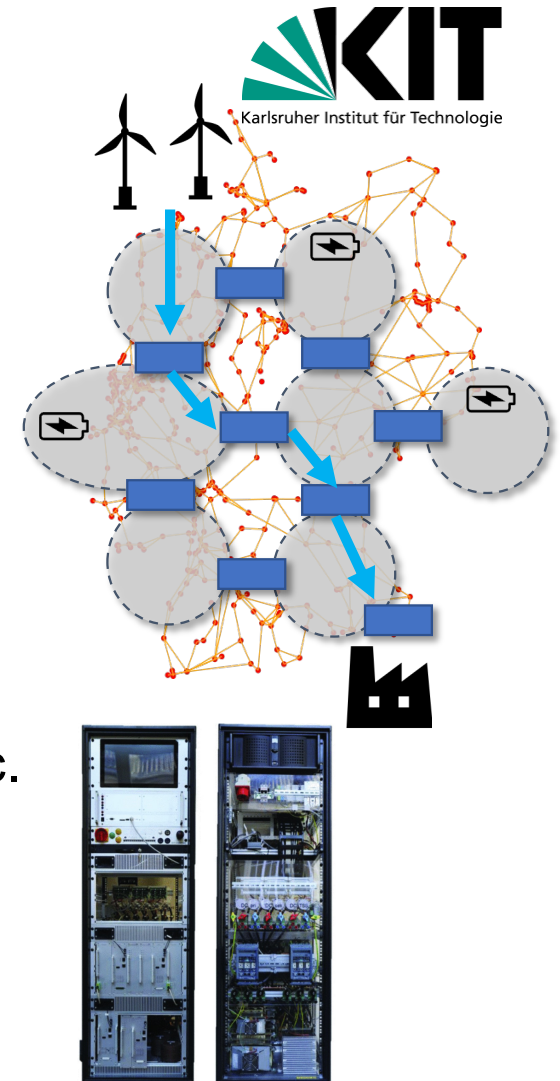
D. Schulz, K. Schneider, M. Weißbecher, V. Hagenmeyer, M. Zitterbart and M. Hiller, "Hardware Realization of Participants in an Energy Packet-based Power Grid," *2022 IEEE 13th International Symposium on Power Electronics for Distributed Generation Systems (PEDG)*, Kiel, Germany, 2022, pp. 1-6, doi: 10.1109/PEDG54999.2022.9923290.

■ Proof of Concept

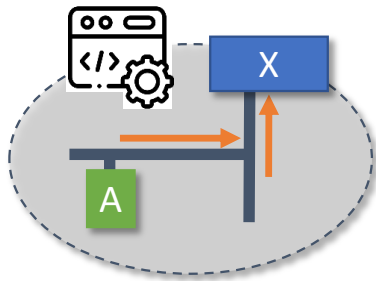


Conclusion

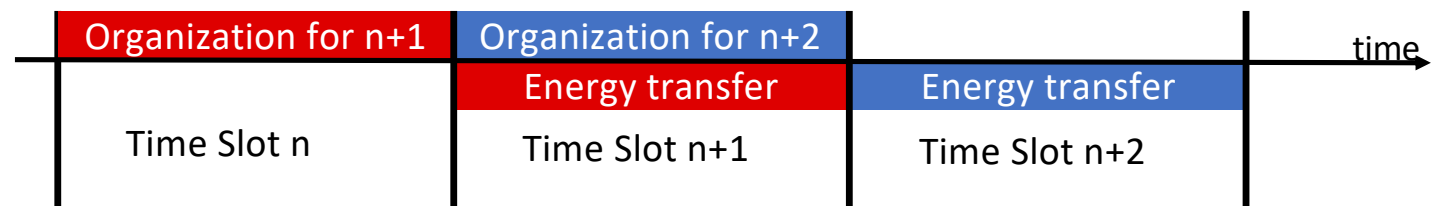
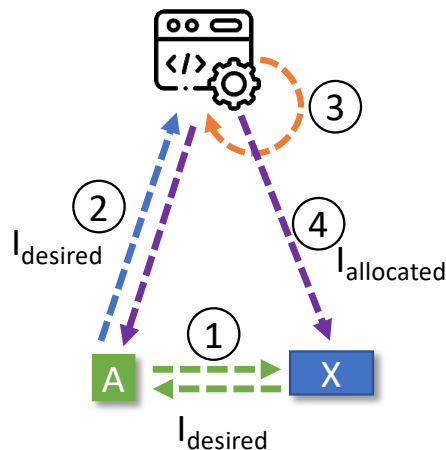
- New power grid architecture: The EP Grid
 - Inspired from the Internet
 - Based on Energy Packet Transfers
 - Design and evaluation of first EP Grid protocols
 - Work on prototypical Energy Routers
 - High complexity
 - Electrical engineering, Optimization, Communication, etc.
- Interdisciplinary group of researchers required



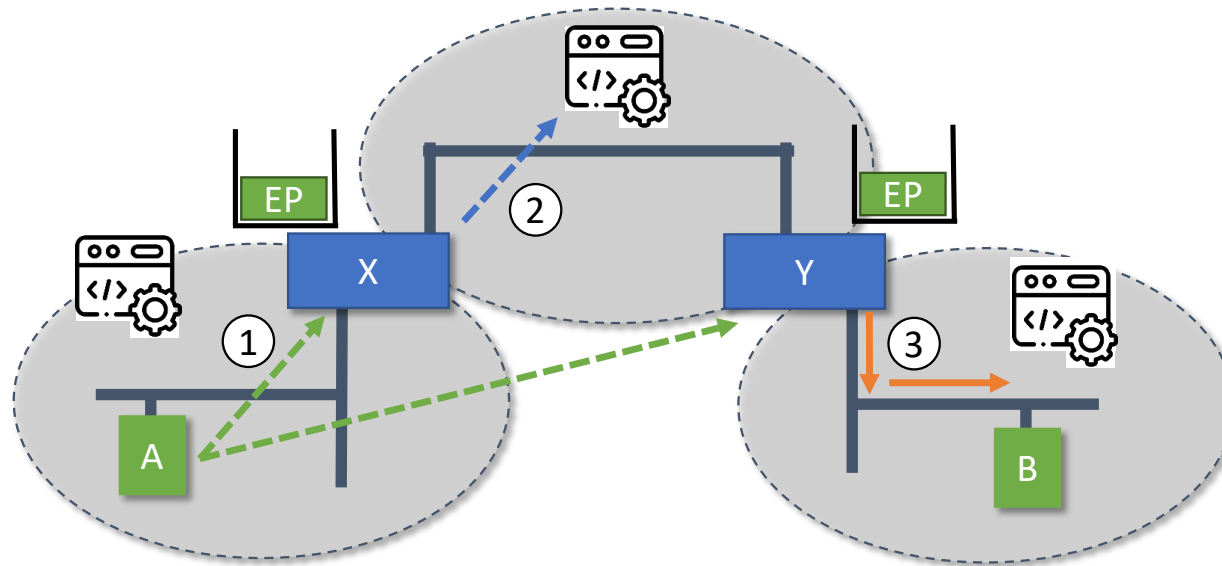
Intra-Cell: Time-slotted EP Transfer (TEPT) Protocol



- ① Devices agree on parameters
 - **Desired** electric current: I_{desired}
- ② Register EP transfer at the Cell controller
- ③ Calculation of schedule
 - Goal: no power line overloading
- ④ Distribute results
 - **Allocated** electric current: $I_{\text{allocated}} \leq I_{\text{desired}}$

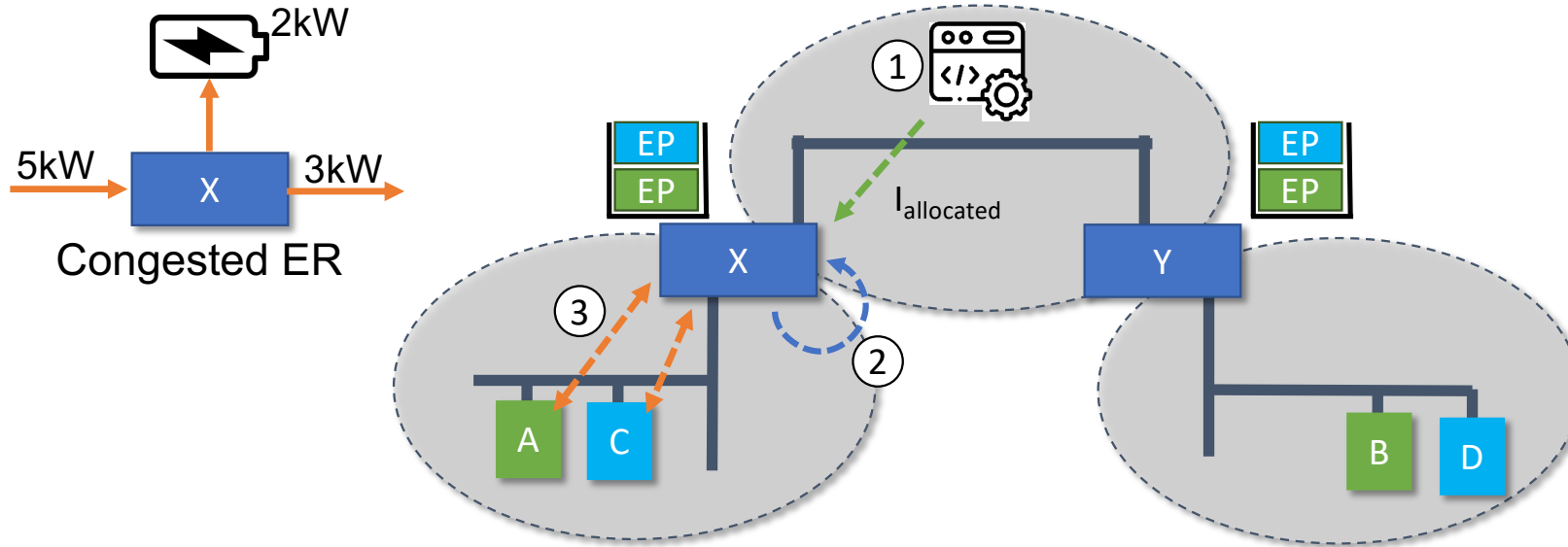


Intra-Cell: Asynchronous Forwarding



- ① Device **A** requests Inter-Cell transfer at ERs **X** & **Y**
 - Energy Packet is put into queue, desired power P_{wish}
- ② Each ER negotiates Intra-Cell transfer to **next hop**
- ③ Each ER is allocated line capacity to next hop

Congestion Control



- ① **Estimate** available line capacity
 - Based on recent **allocated** electric current: $I_{\text{allocated}}$
- ② **Distribute** available line capacity
- ③ **A** and **X** update their desired power P_{wish}